



## Robert W. Wood

THE TAX LAWYER

TAXES 10/19/22

# IRS Extends Filing Date For 2019 & 2020 Tax Returns For COVID Penalty Relief In Disaster Areas

The image shows a collage of IRS tax forms. At the top left is the cover of the 2020 General Instructions for Forms W-2 and W-3. Below it is Form 1040, U.S. Individual Income Tax Return, with the filing status section visible. To the right is Form W-4, Employee's Withholding Certificate. At the bottom is Schedule C, Profit or Loss From Business (Sole Proprietorship). The forms are overlaid on a background that includes the IRS logo and the text 'Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service'.

The IRS says that taxpayers in disaster areas have more time to file their returns to qualify for the [penalty relief](#) under [Notice 2022-36](#) for their 2019 and 2020 tax returns. Under Notice 2022-36, penalties for late-filing certain tax returns, as well as penalties for not reporting certain required information on the Form

1065 or Form 1120-S, are waived or abated if the relevant return was filed on or before Sept. 30, 2022. That date is past, but individuals and households that reside or have a business in recently declared FEMA disaster areas have postponed deadlines to file the return to get this relief, as noted below.

Areas with a deadline of **Nov. 15, 2022**, include:

- Counties in [Missouri](#) identified under FEMA's Major Disaster Declaration 4665.
- Counties in [Kentucky](#) identified under FEMA's Major Disaster Declaration 4633.
- The island of [St. Croix](#) in the U.S. Virgin Islands.
- Members of the [Tribal Nation](#) of the Salt River Pima Maricopa Indian Community.

Areas with a deadline of **Feb. 15, 2023**, include:

- [Florida](#),
- [Puerto Rico](#),
- [North Carolina](#),
- [South Carolina](#),

Areas in Alaska identified under FEMA's Major Disaster Declaration 4672 and

- Hinds County, [Mississippi](#).

The relief under Notice 2022-36 applies to the failure-to-file penalty that is typically assessed at a rate of 5% per month, up to 25% of the unpaid tax when a federal income tax return is filed late. This relief applies to forms in both the Form 1040 and 1120 series, as well as others listed in [Notice 2022-36](#), posted on IRS.gov.

Unlike the failure-to-file penalty, the failure-to-pay penalty and interest will still apply to any unpaid tax. The failure-to-pay penalty is normally 0.5% (one-half-of-one percent) per month, up to 25%. The [interest rate](#) is currently 6%, compounded daily.

Penalty relief for 2019 and 2020 returns is not available in some situations, such as where a fraudulent return was filed, where the penalties are part of an accepted offer in compromise or a closing agreement, or where the penalties were finally determined by a court. This relief is limited to the penalties that the notice specifically states are eligible for relief. For ineligible penalties, such as the failure-to-pay penalty, taxpayers may use existing penalty relief procedures, such as applying for relief under the reasonable cause criteria or the First Time Abate program. Visit [IRS.gov/penaltyrelief](https://www.irs.gov/penaltyrelief) for details. Different relief applies to 2021 returns. Visit the [disaster relief](#) page on IRS.gov for more information about tax year 2021.

*Check out my [website](#).*